Amendment under 37 C.F.R. § 1.116

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (canceled).

2. (currently amended): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 14,

wherein the rubber composition has a viscosity of not more than 2 kPa·s as measured at a

shearing-rate of 750 s⁻¹ and a temperature of 100°C according to ASTM-D5099-93, and a tensile

stress at 100% elongation of not less than 5 MPa and an elongation at break of not less than

200% as rubber properties after the vulcanization.

3. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 14,

wherein the resin is a thermosetting resin.

4. (original) A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 3, wherein the

resin is at least one kind of bismaleimide-based resin.

Amendment under 37 C.F.R. § 1.116

5. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 14,

wherein the compound is at least one bismaleimide.

6. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 14,

wherein the rubber composition further contains 0.5-2.0 parts by mass of N,N'-dicyclohexyl-2-

benzothiazolyl sulfenamide based on 100 parts by mass of the rubber component.

7. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 14,

wherein the rubber composition further contains 0.02-0.4 part by mass of a cobalt compound as a

total content of a cobalt element based on 100 parts by mass of the rubber component.

8. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 14,

wherein the rubber composition contains 4.0-8.0 parts by mass of sulfur as a vulcanizing agent

based on 100 parts by mass of the rubber component.

9. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 2,

wherein the resin is a thermosetting resin.

10. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 2,

wherein the compound is at least one bismaleimide.

Amendment under 37 C.F.R. § 1.116

11. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 2, wherein the rubber composition further contains 0.5-2.0 parts by mass of N,N'-dicyclohexyl-2-

benzothiazolyl sulfenamide based on 100 parts by mass of the rubber component.

12. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 2,

wherein the rubber composition further contains 0.02-0.4 part by mass of a cobalt compound as a

total content of a cobalt element based on 100 parts by mass of the rubber component.

13. (previously presented): A method of producing a pneumatic tire according to claim 2,

wherein the rubber composition contains 4.0-8.0 parts by mass of sulfur as a vulcanizing agent

based on 100 parts by mass of the rubber component.

14. (currently amended): A method of producing a pneumatic tire comprising:

forming a belt layer by on a rotating support by one of the following methods:

① successively laminating a coating rubber and a single steel cord or a plurality of

steel cords, or

② affixing a small-width band-shaped body of a single steel cord or a plurality of

steel cords previously covered with a coating rubber, or

③ covering a single steel cord or a plurality of steel cords with a coating rubber

while shaping and affixing it to form a small-width band-shaped body during the tire shaping and

affixing it,

Amendment under 37 C.F.R. § 1.116

spirally winding the belt-layer on a rotating support,

wherein a rubber composition constituting the coating rubber is formed by

compounding a rubber component with a compound having a melting point of 120-220°C and/or

a resin having a softening point prior to curing of 90-150°C, and a total compounding amount of

the compound and the resin is 0.5-25 parts by mass based on 100 parts by mass of the rubber

component, and the rubber composition has a viscosity of not more than 2 kPa·s as measured at a

shearing rate of 750 s⁻¹ and a temperature of 100°C according to ASTM D5099-93.